

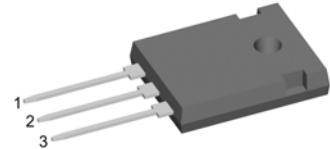
High Efficiency Thyristor

V_{RRM} = 1200 V
 I_{TAV} = 30 A
 V_T = 1,25 V

Three Quadrants operation: QI - QIII
1~ Triac

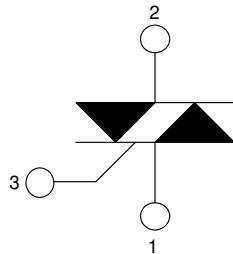
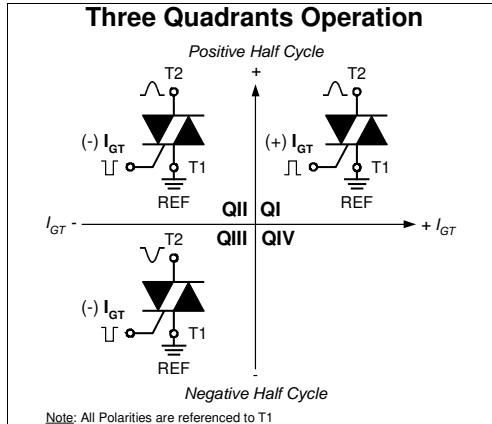
Part number

CLA60MT1200NHR



Backside: isolated

 E72873



Features / Advantages:

- Triac for line frequency
- Three Quadrants Operation - QI - QIII
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability of blocking currents and voltages

Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

Package: ISO247

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Backside: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

Disclaimer Notice

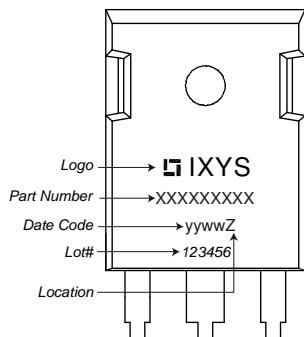
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Rectifier

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$			1300	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$			1200	V
$I_{R/D}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1200 \text{ V}$ $V_{R/D} = 1200 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		10 2	μA mA
V_T	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 30 \text{ A}$ $I_T = 60 \text{ A}$ $I_T = 30 \text{ A}$ $I_T = 60 \text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1,28 1,56 1,25 1,61	V V V V
I_{TAV}	average forward current	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		30	A
I_{RMS}	RMS forward current per phase	180° sine			66	A
V_{TO}	threshold voltage	r_T slope resistance } for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0,86	V
	slope resistance				12,5	$\text{m}\Omega$
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0,9	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0,25		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		140	W
I_{TSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		380 410 325 350	A
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		720 700 530 510	A^2s A^2s A^2s A^2s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	25		pF
P_{GM}	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu\text{s}$ $t_p = 300 \mu\text{s}$	$T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 5 0,5	W W W
P_{GAV}	average gate power dissipation					
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$ repetitive, $I_T = 90 \text{ A}$ $t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}; di_G/dt = 0,3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s};$ $I_G = 0,3 \text{ A}; V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 30 \text{ A}$			150	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		500	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
V_{GT}	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$		1,7 1,9	V
I_{GT}	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$		± 60 ± 80	mA
V_{GD}	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0,2	V
I_{GD}	gate non-trigger current				± 1	mA
I_L	latching current	$t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$ $I_G = 0,3 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0,3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		90	mA
I_H	holding current	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		60	mA
t_{gd}	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0,3 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0,3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2	μs
t_q	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 \text{ V}; I_T = 30 \text{ A}; V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $di/dt = 10 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}; dv/dt = 20 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}; t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}$		150		μs

Package ISO247

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			70	A
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-55		150	°C
T_{op}	operation temperature		-55		125	°C
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-55		150	°C
Weight				6		g
M_D	mounting torque		0,8		1,2	Nm
F_c	mounting force with clip		20		120	N
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	2,7			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	4,1			mm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	$t = 1$ second $t = 1$ minute	3600 50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	3000		V V

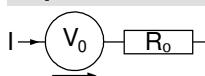
Product Marking

Part description

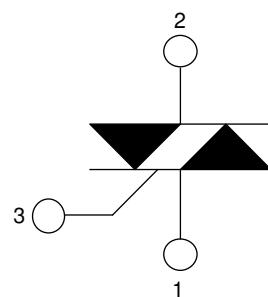
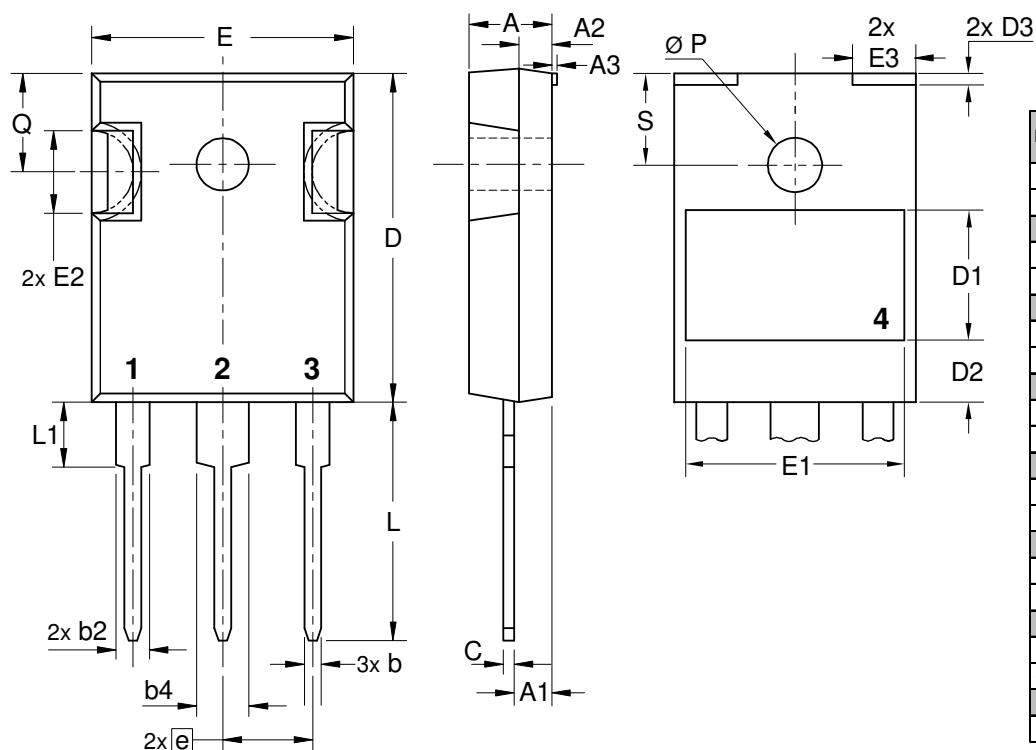
C = Thyristor (SCR)
 L = High Efficiency Thyristor
 A = (up to 1200V)
 60 = Current Rating [A]
 MT = 1~ Triac
 1200 = Reverse Voltage [V]
 N = Three Quadrants operation: QI - QIII
 HR = ISO247 (3)

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	CLA60MT1200NHR	CLA60MT1200NHR	Tube	30	513282

Similar Part	Package	Voltage class
CLA40MT1200NHR	ISO247 (3)	1200
CLA80MT1200NHR	ISO247 (3)	1200
CLA60MT1200NHB	TO-247AD (3)	1200
CLA60MT1200NTZ	TO-268AA (D3Pak) (2HV)	1200

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation
** on die level*
 $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$

	Thyristor	
$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage	0,86 V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance *	10 mΩ

Outlines ISO247


Thyristor

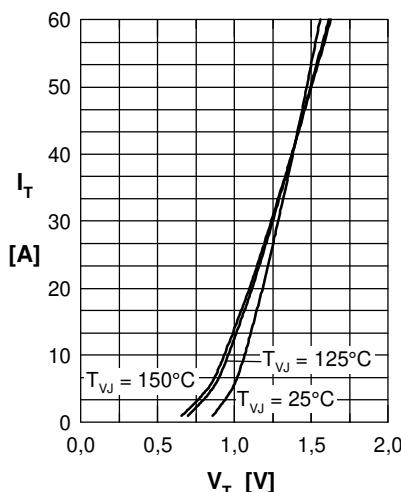


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

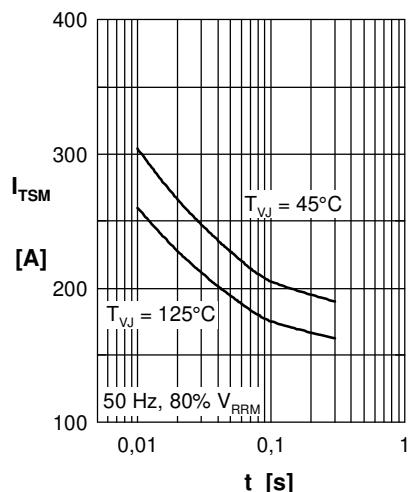


Fig. 2 Surge overload current
 I_{TSM} : crest value, t : duration

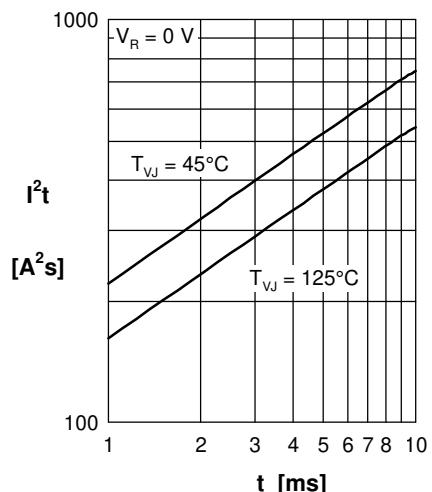


Fig. 3 I^2t versus time (1-10 s)

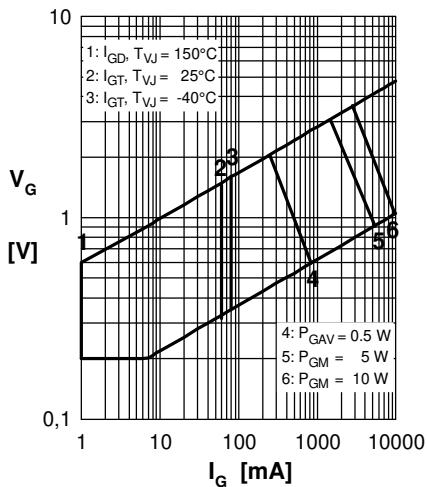


Fig. 4 Gate voltage & gate current

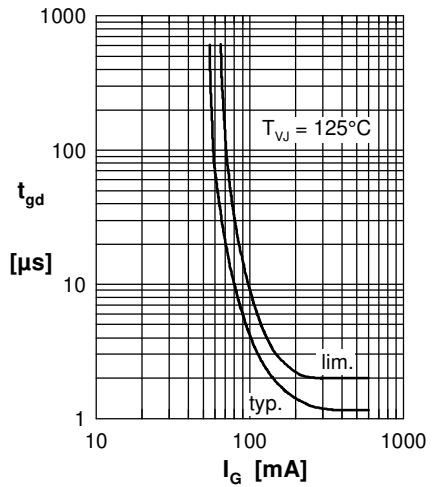


Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time t_{gd}

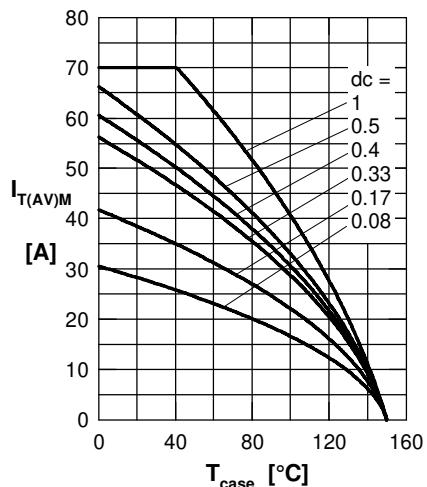


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

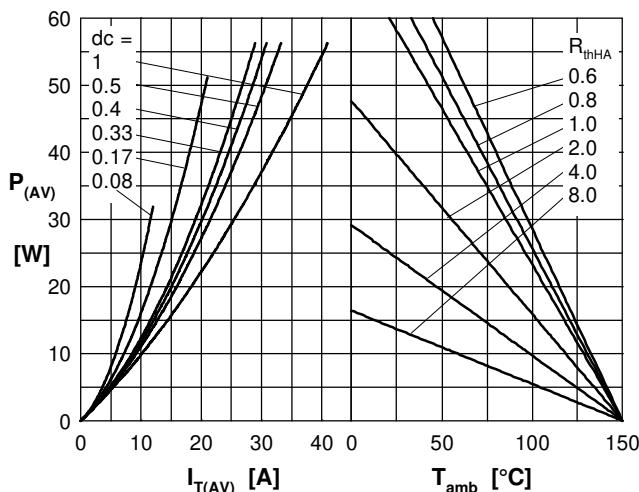


Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current
Fig. 7b and ambient temperature

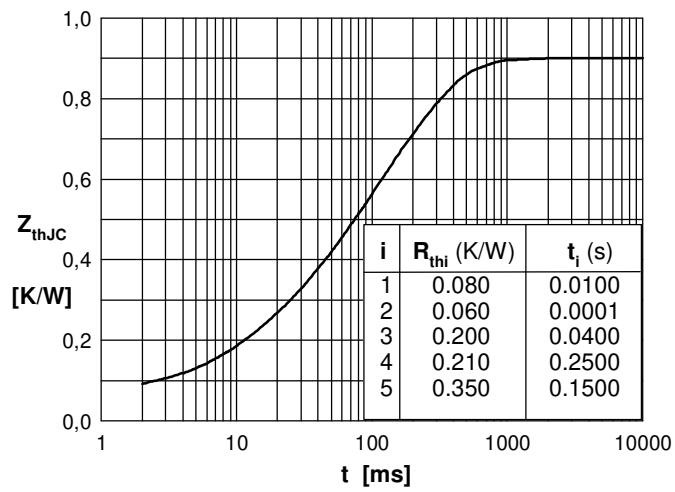


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to case